

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

For optimization of a direct current developing bias V_{avg} , a patch image I_{vn} is formed whose length is longer than a circumferential length L_0 of a photosensitive member. From an average value of sensor outputs sampled over the length L_0 of the patch image, a toner density of the patch image I_{vn} is calculated and a value corresponding to an average value OD_{avg} of optical densities OD is accordingly found. This cancels an influence of density variations appearing in association with rotating cycles of the photosensitive member exerted over a patch image.

(Fig. 22)